



# CONTENT

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# CURRENT LANDSCAPE

FEMALE IN THE HK HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE

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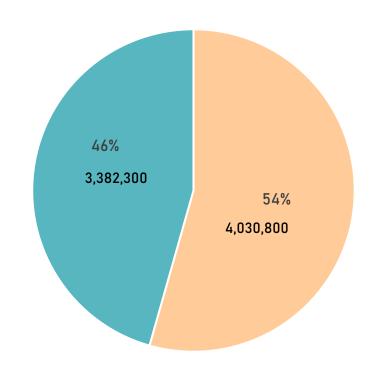
# DEMOGRAPHICS OF HONG KONG, CHINA

### **OVERVIEW**

- HK's sex ratio has declined in recent years as the number of women outpaces men.
- In 2006, there were 971 males for every 1,000 females. By 2021, this ratio dropped to 910 males per 1,000 females (excluding foreign domestic workers).









# DEMOGRAPHICS OF HONG KONG, CHINA

#### HK Higher Education Distribution by Gender

In 2006, 2011, 2016, and 2021, more females than males enrolled in medical and healthrelated studies at the higher education level in HK.

2006

紡織、設計及其他工業技術 Textile, design and other industrial technology 教育 Education **純科學** Pure science 醫療衞牛課程 Medical and health related studies 電腦課程 Computer studies 建築及營造工程 Architecture and construction engineering 機械、電機、電子及輪機工程 /////// Mechanical, electrical, 2021 electronic and marine engineering 文學及社會科學 ,,,,,,,, Arts and social science 商科課程 Business and 032022AN22B0100.pdf commercial studies 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 在曾受專上教育的男性人口中的比例

修讀科目 Field of education

在曾受專上教育的女性人口中的比例 Proportion of women with post-secondary education

Sources: Demographic Statistics Section (2), Census and Statistics Department, 2021 Population Census Office, Census and Statistics Department https://www.censtatd.gov.hk/en/data/stat\_report/product/B1130303/att/B11303

**2016** 

2011

Proportion of men

with post-secondary education

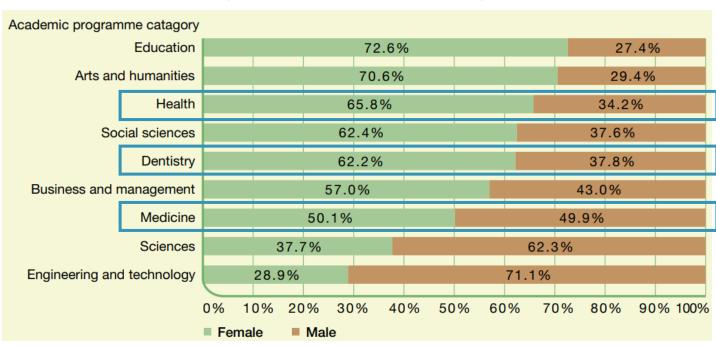


# DEMOGRAPHICS OF HONG KONG, CHINA

#### HK UGC-funded Programmes Distribution by Gender

- In the 2020/21 academic year, more female students than their male counterparts enrolled in:
  - Health (65.8%)
  - Medicine (50.1%)
  - Dentistry (62.2%)
  - Education (72.6%)
  - Arts and humanities (70.6%)
  - Social sciences (62.4%)
  - Business and management (57.0%)

## HK UGC-funded Programmes (2020/21 Academic Year)



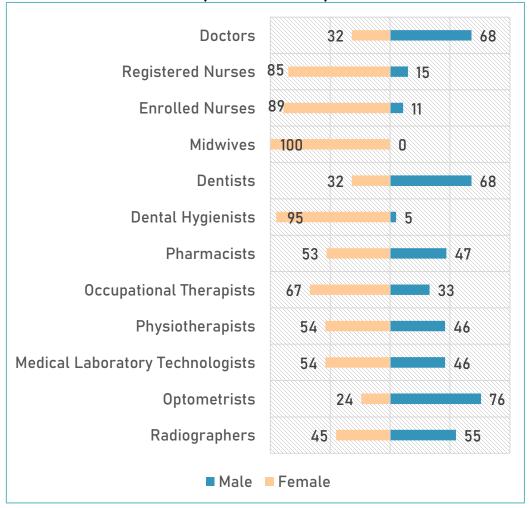
Sources: Women and Men in Hong Kong Key Statistics (2022 Edition), Census and Statistics Department, HKSAR <a href="https://www.women.gov.hk/download/research/HK\_Women2021\_e.pdf">https://www.women.gov.hk/download/research/HK\_Women2021\_e.pdf</a>



# HK HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE

- 1. Doctors and Dentists: Women now comprise around 32% of registered doctors and dentists, increased from 27% in 2007.
- 2. Nursing continues to be a female-dominated profession.
- 3. Pharmacists both genders accounted for half of the profession in 2007.
- 4. Optometrists as of 2007, women were still underrepresented as optometrists, accounting for only 19%.
- Stagnation in some fields the gender ratio for dental hygienists, occupational therapists, physiotherapists, and medical lab technicians remained relatively unchanged since 2007.

Gender Ratio of HK Healthcare Professionals (as at end 2016)



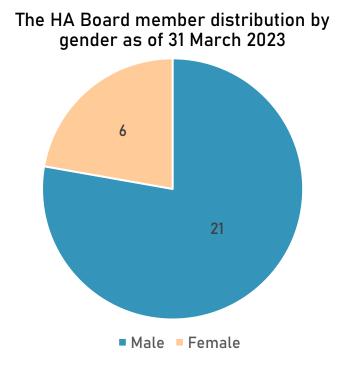
Sources: Report of the Strategic Review on Healthcare Manpower Planning and Professional Development, Health Bureau. HKSAR

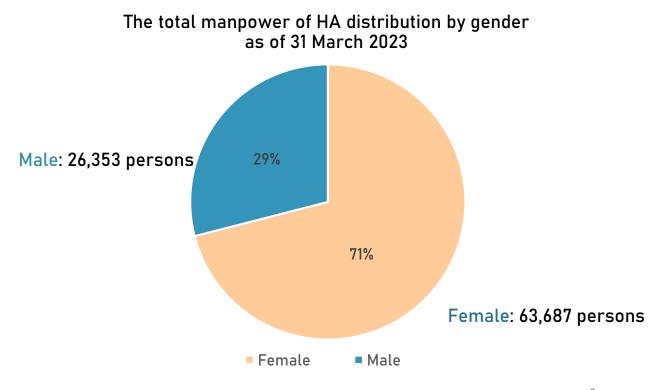


# HK HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE

#### Manpower of Hospital Authority (HA) Distribution by Gender

- 1. 71% of overall manpower were women
- 2. HA Board: among all 27 members, 22% (six) were female members



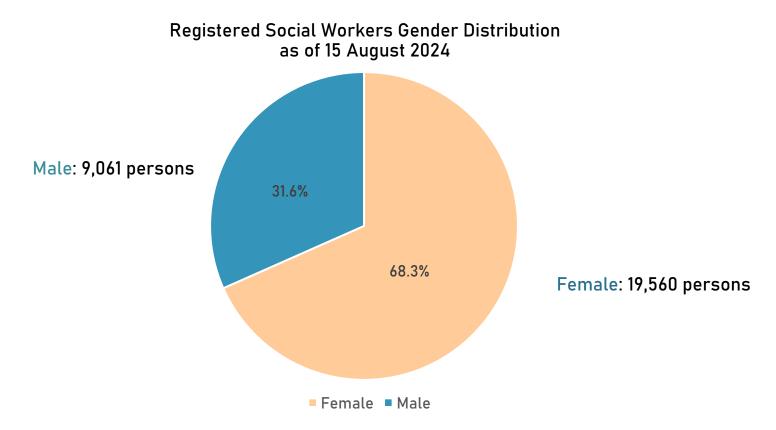




# HK HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE

#### Gender Distribution of Registered Social Workers in HK

• 68.3% were women; 31.6% were men.



# SUMMARY

#### FEMALE IN THE HK HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE





#### GENDER GAP

The gender gap persists among HK healthcare professionals. In 2021, around 32% of doctors and dentists were women, up from 27% in 2007. Women still only comprise 19% of optometrists.



#### RISING FEMALE ENGAGEMENT

Women's representation in healthcare has grown, with female doctors and dentists increasing from 27% to 32% since 2007.



#### WOMEN-MAJORITY FIELDS

Nursing stands out as a femaleconcentrated field, underscoring the importance of women's participation across HK's healthcare workforce.



#### DISPARITY AT TOP LEVELS

According to data from the HA, women make up 71% of the overall workforce. However, at the board level, only 22% (six out of 27 members) are female.







# CHALLENGES FOR WOMEN HEALTHCARE WORKERS

#### 1. GENDER GAP

Gender acts as a fundamental factor that divides the health workforce into different levels. However, its influence cannot be examined in isolation, as gender will inherently intersect with other systemic influences such as competing interests, power imbalances, and organizational values within the system [1].

#### 2. WORK-LIFE BALANCE

Balancing career and family remains challenging for women doctors, especially childcare duties given HK's high costs and limited options. Flexible working arrangements in the workplace is rare. [2]

#### 3. TOP-LEVEL AND WAGE DISPARITIES

Women predominate in nursing and midwifery cadres, are under-represented in management positions and are clustered in lower paying positions [3]. While wage gaps may not be prevalent in HK's public sector due to fixed pay scales, potential differences in compensation for similar roles in some private practices warrant further research.

#### 4. WORKPLACE VIOLENCE

Workplace violence does not currently appear to be a significant issue in HK. Nurses in HK who were victims of workplace violence themselves were found to have a lower level of concern about or awareness of the seriousness of workplace violence, compared to their colleagues who had not experienced such violence first-hand. [4]



# CHALLENGES FOR WOMEN HEALTHCARE WORKERS

#### Workplace violence among female doctors

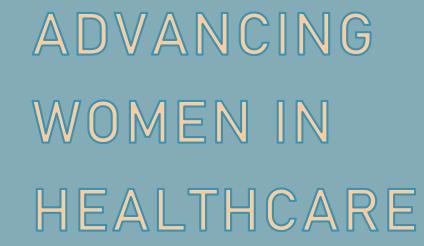
Recent case of the killing of a 31-year-old trainee doctor at the R.G. Kar Medical College and Hospital in easter Kolkata city, India.

- Doctors say they often face abuse from relatives of patients, with some medics assaulted. A survey by the Indian Medical Association found 75% of doctors had faced some form of violence. [5]
- Female healthcare professionals' rights and safety should, with no hesitation, be the priority to be safeguarded.
- Ensuring a safe workplace for healthcare professionals, especially for women, is our utmost concern.
- A safe workplace should be secured to enable professionals to perform their duties with no fear of being threatened.



The HKMA would like to take this opportunity to express our deepest condolences to the bereaved family and the medical community of India!







## ADVANCING WOMEN IN HK

Legislative Council Meeting on 10 May 2023

Motion on "Promoting the Comprehensive Development of Women in HK"

# INCREASING CHILDCARE SERVICES\*

The Social Welfare

Department has been
increasing the provision of
aided childcare
centres service places through
various development projects

# PROMOTE AND SUPPORT BREASTFEEDING\*

Establish breastfeedingfriendly workplace so that
breastfeeding women can
sustain employment or
rejoin the job market
during breastfeeding

#### ENHANCE EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES

Enhance education opportunities in the healthcare sector i.e. providing a wider choice of university courses to ensure even access to education resources for women, securing their upward social mobility

<sup>\*</sup>Sources: Legislative Council Meeting on 10 May 2023, LC Paper No. CB(3)641/2023(01) <a href="https://www.legco.gov.hk/yr2023/english/counmtg/motion/cm20230510m-cmkm-prpt-e.pdf">https://www.legco.gov.hk/yr2023/english/counmtg/motion/cm20230510m-cmkm-prpt-e.pdf</a>



# THE HKMA'S SUPPORT

#### Department of Health — Committee on Promotion of Breastfeeding

Providing lactation facilities and flexible breaks empowers nursing mothers to continue breastfeeding upon returning to work. This enables women to reconcile professional and maternal responsibilities rather than having to sacrifice either. By creating a breastfeeding-friendly environment, employers both accommodate natural motherhood needs and tap into an expanded talent pool as women remain in the workforce.



#### **Health Bureau**

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China

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About us Our Work What's New Press Releases and Publications

#### **Boards and Committees**

#### **Committee on Promotion of Breastfeeding**

#### A. Terms of Reference

- To advise the Government on strategies and action plans to protect, promote, and sup Hong Kong;
- 2. To advise the Government on measures to encourage different sectors in the commun
- 3. To oversee the planning and monitor the implementation of programmes, services or ir

#### B. Membership

Chairman: Under Secretary for Health

Members: Hong Kong Medical Association

Hong Kong Nutrition Association

Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative Hong Kong Association

Hong Kong College of Paediatricians

Hong Kong College of Nursing



# THE HKMA'S SUPPORT

#### The Recent Committee Meeting on the Promotion of Breastfeeding



The 9th Meeting of the Committee

Reviewed the progress and effectiveness of measures for promoting and supporting breastfeeding; discussed ways to step up the efforts in supporting breastfeeding.



# THE HKMA'S SUPPORT

#### The Progress of the 9th Committee Meeting on the Promotion of Breastfeeding



Breastmilk bank establishment and breastmilk donation mechanism formulation in 2025



Strengthening the Peer Support Scheme for breastfeeding mothers



Setting up a working group under the Committee to reinforce and consolidate the breastfeeding-friendly practices in birthing hospitals

Sources: Under Secretary for Health chairs ninth meeting of Committee on Promotion of Breastfeeding, Health Bureau, HKSAR <a href="https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202404/09/P2024040900394.htm">https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202404/09/P2024040900394.htm</a>



[1] Li, M., Raven, J., & Liu, X. (2024). Feminization of the health workforce in China: exploring gendered composition from 2002 to 2020. Human Resources for Health, 22(1). https://doi.org/10.1186/s12960-024-00898-w

[2] Yau, E. (2014, January 20). Professional women still face old ways of thinking in the workplace. South China Morning Post. <a href="https://www.scmp.com/lifestyle/family-education/article/1407754/professional-women-still-face-old-ways-thinking-workplace?campaign=1407754&module=perpetual\_scroll\_0&pgtype=article">https://www.scmp.com/lifestyle/family-education/article/1407754/professional-women-still-face-old-ways-thinking-workplace?campaign=1407754&module=perpetual\_scroll\_0&pgtype=article</a>

[3] Witter S, Namakula J, Wurie H, Chirwa Y, So S, Vong S, Ros B, Buzuzi S, Theobald S. The gendered health workforce: mixed methods analysis from four fragile and post-conflict contexts. Health Policy Plan. 2017;32:v52-62.

[4] Hong, S., Nam, S., Wong, J. Y. H., & Kim, H. (2023). Post-traumatic responses to workplace violence among nursing professionals: a collaborative and comparative study in South Korea and Hong Kong. BMC Nursing, 22(1), 1-12. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12912-023-01502-7

[5] The National. (2024, August 17). Indian doctors start nationwide strike after sexual assault and murder of Kolkata medic. The National. <a href="https://www.thenationalnews.com/news/mena/2024/08/17/indian-doctors-start-nationwide-strike-after-sexual-assault-and-murder-of-kolkata-medic/">https://www.thenationalnews.com/news/mena/2024/08/17/indian-doctors-start-nationwide-strike-after-sexual-assault-and-murder-of-kolkata-medic/</a>



